## **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

## FORM 8-K

#### **CURRENT REPORT**

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): June 2, 2024

# Spruce Biosciences, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| Delaware                                       | 001-39594                | 81-2154263                          |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) | (Commission File Number) | (IRS Employer<br>Identification No. |
|  |                          |                                     |

611 Gateway Boulevard, Suite 740 South San Francisco, California (Address of principal executive offices)

94080 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (415) 655-4168

|  | Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)   |                                   |  |  |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:  |  |                                   |  |  |
|  | Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)                                  |                                   |  |  |
|  | Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)                                 |                                   |  |  |
|  | Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))                 |                                   |  |  |
|  | Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13  | 3e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (1 | 17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))   |  |
| Sec  | urities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:   |                                   |  |  |
|  | Title of each class  | Trading<br>Symbol(s)              | Name of each exchange on which registered                                    |  |
|  | Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share   | SPRB                              | Nasdaq Global Select Market  |  |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter). |  |                                   |  |  |
| Em   | erging growth company ⊠  |                                   |  |  |
|  | n emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the<br>evised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to | •                                 | the extended transition period for complying with any new ${\rm Act.}\ \Box$ |  |
|  |  |                                   |  |  |

#### Item 8.01 Other Events.

On June 3, 2024, Spruce Biosciences, Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release that included final results from the Company's Phase 2 POWER proof-of-concept clinical trial evaluating its product candidate tildacerfont for the treatment of polycystic ovary syndrome ("PCOS"). On June 2, 2024, the Company presented these results at the 2024 Annual Meeting of the Endocrine Society.

The POWER clinical trial was a randomized, placebo-controlled, dose-escalation trial that evaluated the safety and efficacy of tildacerfont titrated to 200 mg QD compared to placebo at 12 weeks of treatment in 27 female subjects with PCOS.

#### **Phase 2 POWER Study Results**

The POWER study enrolled 27 women with a confirmed diagnosis of PCOS. Participant demographics and baseline hormone levels are detailed in Table 1 below.

Table 1. Summary of Demographics and Baseline Hormones; Intent to Treat Analysis Population

| Key Variables<br>Mean (SD)   | Tildacerfont (n = 17) | Placebo (n = 10) | Total (n = 27) |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|
| Age                          | 28.4 (5.6)            | 29.3 (5.5)       | 28.7 (5.4)     |
| Age at PCOS Diagnosis        | 22.6 (6.3)            | 21.6 (6.0)       | 22.3 (6.1)     |
| BMI (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )     | 32.1 (5.8)            | 32.4 (12.5)      | 32.2 (8.6)     |
| DHEAS (μg/dL)                | 351.3 (90.5)          | 387.8 (107.2)    | 364.8 (96.7)   |
| 17-OHP (ng/dL)               | 83.2 (86.3)           | 62.1 (54.1)      | 75.4 (75.5)    |
| ACTH (pg/mL)                 | 23.9 (11.9)           | 22.3 (12.0)      | 23.3 (11.7)    |
| A4 (ng/dL)                   | 185.2 (75.2)          | 130.0 (66.0)     | 166.8 (75.6)   |
| T (ng/dL)                    | 61.0 (22.0)           | 61.1(27.0)       | 61.0 (23.4)    |
| Screening DHEAS > ULN, N (%) |                       |                  |                |
| Yes                          | 12 (70.6%)            | 7 (70.6%)        | 19 (70.4%)     |
| No                           | 5 (29.4%)             | 3 (29.4%)        | 8 (29.6%)      |

In women with elevated baseline DHEAS, a significant reduction in DHEAS versus placebo was observed (p = 0.020).

Table 2. Change from Baseline in DHEAS (µg/dL) at Week 12; Modified Intent to Treat Analysis; Baseline DHEAS > Upper Limit of Normal (ULN)

|  | Tildacerfont $(n = 12)^{\perp}$ | Placebo (n = 7) <sup>1</sup> |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| n  | 11 <sup>2</sup>                 | 5 <sup>3</sup>               |
| Mixed Model of Repeated Measures                                 |                                 |                              |
| Least Squares (LS) Geometric Mean Ratio (% Change from Baseline) | 0.876 (-12.4%)                  | 1.057 (5.7%)                 |
| 95% Confidence Interval (CI) of Geometric Mean Ratio             | 0.802, 0.955                    | 0.931, 1.200                 |
| 95% CI of Percent Change from Baseline                           | -19.8%, -4.5%                   | -6.9%, 20.0%                 |
| Difference LS Mean Ratio [tildacerfont/placebo]                  | 0.828                           | N/A                          |
| 95% CI of Difference LS Mean Ratio                               | 0.709, 0.967                    | N/A                          |
| p-value  | 0.020                           | N/A                          |

<sup>1.</sup> Eight subjects (five in the tildacerfont arm and three in the placebo arm) did not meet inclusion criteria #3 requiring DHEAS to be greater than the ULN and were excluded from the analyses

In study participants, a significant increase in SHBG versus placebo was observed (p = 0.012).

<sup>2.</sup> One subject was excluded from the analyses due to no post-baseline DHEAS assessment.

<sup>3.</sup> Two subjects were excluded from the analyses due to concomitant glucocorticoid (GC) use, which confounded assessment of adrenal steroid reduction.

Table 3. Change from Baseline in SHBG (nmol/L) at Week 12; Modified Intent to Treat Analysis

|  | Tildacerfont<br>(n = 17) | Placebo<br>(n = 10) |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|
| n  | 16 <sup>1</sup>          | 91                  |
| Mixed Model of Repeated Measures                 |                          |                     |
| LS Geometric Mean Ratio (% Change from Baseline) | 1.329 (32.9%)            | 0.919 (-8.1%)       |
| 95% CI of Geometric Mean Ratio                   | 1.124, 1.571             | 0.735, 1.148        |
| 95% CI of Percent Change from Baseline           | 12.4%, 57.1%             | -26.5%, 14.8%       |
| Difference LS Mean Ratio [tildacerfont/placebo]  | 1.446                    | N/A                 |
| 95% CI of Difference LS Mean Ratio               | 1.093, 1.913             | N/A                 |
| p-value  | 0.012                    | N/A                 |

1. Two subjects (one in the tildacerfont arm and one in placebo arm) did not have a week 12 SHBG assessment completed.

The Phase 2 study was not powered to test for statistical significance on the primary endpoint. However, the lowering of DHEAS, an adrenal androgen precursor, observed with 12-week exposure, suggests that tildacerfont may be of therapeutic benefit for some women with PCOS. Additionally, the observed increase in SHBG may potentially result in lower levels of free, bioactive sex hormones such as testosterone.

Tildacerfont was well-tolerated with no safety signals observed. The majority of adverse events were mild to moderate. No serious adverse reactions were reported.

#### **About POWER Study**

The POWER study was a Phase 2 proof-of-concept, randomized, placebo-controlled dose escalation study which evaluated the safety and efficacy of tildacerfont titrated to 200 mg QD compared to placebo at 12 weeks of treatment in 27 female subjects with polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) and adrenal androgens as measured by dehydroepiandrosterone sulfate (DHEAS) levels at baseline. The primary endpoint of this clinical trial was the absolute change from baseline in DHEAS. Additional secondary endpoints included safety and tolerability, the proportion of subjects who achieve a 30% or greater reduction in DHEAS and change from baseline in hormonal biomarkers.

#### **About Tildacerfont**

Tildacerfont is a potent and highly selective, non-steroidal, oral antagonist of the CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor, which is the receptor for corticotropin-releasing factor (CRF), a hormone that is secreted by the hypothalamus. The CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor is abundantly expressed in the pituitary gland where it is the primary regulator of the hypothalamic–pituitary-adrenal (HPA) axis. By blocking the CRF<sub>1</sub> receptor, tildacerfont has the potential to reduce the production of adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) in the pituitary gland and limit the amount of androgens produced downstream from the adrenal gland. Adrenal androgen excess in PCOS appears to result from an elevation of, or hypersensitivity to, ACTH. Tildacerfont may provide a therapeutic option to treat the underlying cause of disease through reductions of ACTH, which may improve clinical symptoms of PCOS, such as hair growth, acne, irregular periods and infertility. No drug-related serious adverse events have been reported related to tildacerfont treatment in completed studies.

#### **About Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS)**

Polycystic ovary syndrome, or PCOS, is a hormonal disorder common among females of reproductive age affecting nearly five million females in the United States and approximately 115 million females worldwide. PCOS is characterized by elevated levels of androgens, cysts in the ovaries, and irregular periods. Females with PCOS present with additional symptoms, including hirsutism, alopecia, acne, infertility, weight gain, fatigue, depression and mood changes. The underlying causes of PCOS are unknown. However, excess insulin secretion and low-grade inflammation, which stimulate the polycystic ovaries, have been linked to androgen excess. The source of this androgen excess may be ovarian, adrenal, both adrenal and ovarian, or from other sources. Adrenal androgen excess in PCOS may occur independently of ovarian androgen excess, suggesting it may represent an intrinsic and possible primary source of abnormal synthesis of androgens. Adrenal androgen excess in PCOS does not result from enzymatic deficiencies, but rather from an altered adrenal responsivity to ACTH.

#### **About Spruce Biosciences**

Spruce Biosciences is a late-stage biopharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing novel therapies for endocrine disorders with significant unmet medical need. Spruce is developing tildacerfont, a second-generation  $CRF_1$  receptor antagonist, for patients suffering from classic congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH) and polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS). To learn more, visit <a href="https://www.sprucebio.com">www.sprucebio.com</a> and follow us on X <a href="https://www.sprucebio.com">@Spruce\_Bio, LinkedIn, Facebook and YouTube</a>.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

Statements contained in this press release regarding matters that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements include statements regarding, among other things, the design, results, conduct, progress and timing of Spruce's clinical trials; the potential of tildacerfont to reduce DHEAS for the treatment of PCOS; the potential of tildacerfont to increase SHBG and lower free bioactive sex hormones; and Spruce's product candidate, strategy and regulatory matters. Because such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Words such as "potential", "suggest" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon Spruce's current expectations and involve assumptions that may never materialize or may prove to be incorrect. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements as a result of various risks and uncertainties, which include, without limitation, risks and uncertainties associated with Spruce's business in general, the impact of geopolitical and macroeconomic events, and the other risks described in Spruce's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. All forward-looking statements contained in this press release speak only as of the date on which they were made and are based on management's assumptions and estimates as of such date. Spruce undertakes no obligation to update such statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made, except as required by law

### **SIGNATURES**

| Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, | the registrant has duly caused this report to | be signed on its behalf by the undersigned |
|--|---|--|
| thereunto duly authorized.   |   |  |

Date: June 3, 2024

| SPRUCE BIOSCIENCES, INC. |   |                  |
|--------------------------|---|------------------|
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By: /s/ Samir Gharib
Samir Gharib
President and Chief Financial Officer